







Insect & Jelly Fish Stings

may be life threatening if someone has a severe allergic reaction.

SYMPTOMS

- Mild reaction: marks on skin, redness, swelling and burning sensation, pain, itching, numbness, throbbing pain that might radiate up from a leg or arm to the torso.
- Severe reaction: itching, hives or swelling in large area
 of body, facial swelling, difficulty breathing, abdominal
 pain, nausea, vomiting, headache, confusion, muscle
 spasms, fever, irregular heart beat, low blood pressure,
 shock, fainting.

Jelly fish stings: care for mild reactions

- Wash with seawater to remove tentacles-avoid fresh water, it might activate the venomous stingers.
- Soak the area in vinegar (1/2 vinegar 1/2 water) for at least 30 seconds or baking soda paste (ratio of 3 teaspoons baking soda to 1 teaspoon seawater).
- Recent studies have shown that rinsing the affected area with tolerable hot fresh water for 20 minutes after applying vinegar or soda paste will contribute in pain relief.
- Take an antihistamine pill (Zyrtec, Xozal, Benadryl) to help relieve itching and swelling. Corticosteroid cream, lidocaine ointment or calamine lotion may relieve pain and itchy rash. Use oral over-the-counter painkillers if needed (paracetamol, ibuprofen).
- Seek immediate medical care if jellyfish sting occurs on or near an eye.





Health



Insect stings: care for mild reactions

- Remove stinger by brushing, plucking or scraping it off the skin with a credit card.
- Wash with soap and water.
- Apply a cold pack to reduce swelling and pain.
- Apply hydrocortisone cream (0.5 percent or 1 percent), or baking soda paste (ratio of 3 teaspoons baking soda to 1 teaspoon water) to the bite several times a day until symptoms subside.
- Take an over-the-counter antihistamine pill (Zyrtec, Xozal, Benadryl) and a pain reliever (paracetamol or ibuprofen) if needed.

Care for severe reactions

If you notice any of the symptoms mentioned as 'severe reaction':

- Call 166 or drive the person to the nearest hospital or clinic.
- Check for special medications that the person may be carrying such as an auto-injector of epinephrine (EpiPen). Administer the drug as directed—usually by pressing the auto-injector against the person's thigh and holding it in place for several seconds. Massage the area for 10 seconds to enhance absorption.
- Have the person take an antihistamine pill if he or she is able to do so without choking, after administering epinephrine.
- Have the person lie still on his or her back with the feet higher than the head.



- Loosen any tight clothing. Don't give anything to drink.
- If the person is vomiting, turn the person on his or her side to prevent choking.
- Begin CPR if there are no signs of life: breathing, coughing or movement.

IMPORTANT TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance: 166

Poison first aid: 210 779-3777 Pharmacies on duty: 14944 Emergency Hospitals:14944

European Emergency Number: 112